Holiday. Close 1 P.M.

The Palais Royal.

Only a half day holiday. From 8 a.m. to 1 p.m. will be the five busiest hours of the week here.

Palais Royal Patrons are to be offered very special price inducements and the army of em-ployes, appreciating the half holiday, will give unusually hearty, active and polite service.

Here's for the Week's Busiest Five Hours. 50c for the 75c Silk Lace Mitts-the long kind that are ex-

\$13.98 for choice of all the \$20 to \$25 Organdy, Dimity and Irish Linen Dresses, lace, embroidery and ribbon trim-

\$5 for best \$7.98 White Mohair Walking Skirts, box pleated. All lengths.

98c for Superior White Shirt Waists. To assure all sizes many \$2 Waists are to be included. \$1.88 for \$2.50 to \$3 Cambric and Long Cloth Petticoats, with elaborate flounces and ruffles of laces and embroideries. 29c for 35c gauze Lisle Stockings, plain and lace, in black and tan. Ladies' and Chil-

for Ladies' and Children's usual 25c Stockings. Hurry for the all-over lace lisle Hose for children. Sizes 5 to 74.

\$1.48 for new \$3 Sailor Hats, large and flat, fitted with leather belt band.

\$4.98 for new Walking Hats, with wings and pom-pons. \$5.50 for newly large white hats of all-over embroidery and big white ribbon bows.

\$1.88 for the \$2.98 Parasols, white, black and colors. Are not the Palais Royal's \$2.98 Parasols as good as most sold at

99c for the \$1.50 Gloria Silk Umbrellas—especially needed now that a rain storm is a daily oc-

Ribbons, used for girdles. Worth 40c. yard.



Trunks at \$7.19, and best imitations \$ of them at only \$1.89. Best Steamer 🥉 Trunks for only \$3.75 and imita-\$ tions of them for only \$2.29.

only 98c for the imitation. 59c for § Sheepskin imitation of \$3.50 Cow-hide Club Bags.

for usual 10c to 50c paper-bound

The Palais Royal,

GEORGETOWN AFFAIRS

PARED FOR YEAR.

Reduction in Tax on Gross Earnings of Building Associations-General and Personal Notes.

Over 300 personal tax schedules have been prepared since July 1, and affidavits that the tax schedules must be in this formerly, in order to escape the penalty. The only material change in this year's statement over that of last is a reduction in the tax on gross earnings of building associations, which has been reduced

The annual distribution of water rent bills is taking place in West End. These bills are payable on or before July 31, under penalty of having the water turned off on the delinquent premises.

Much gratification is expressed in Georgetown at the prospect of an announcement made recently by the managers of the Tenleytown electric railroad of extending the tracks of the company at an early date so as to accommodate the residents of Washington Grove and Gaithersburg. This determination is one of the results of a satisfactory settle-ment of the differences between the corporation of Rockville and the railroad

Mr. G. Young, a son of the late Richard at his majority, and appraisers are now erties in the Goddard estate, in which he been made for his interest in the estate by the other heirs. The estate left by the

young man's grandfather is said to have been worth about \$75,000.

These in charge of the Great Falls water supply say that they propose to ask Con-gress at its next session to appropriate a

sufficient sum to survey a route for the new auxilliary conduit of the District. Merchants and other commercial enter-prises of Georgetown, it is stated, are gong to make a move this fall to have the foot of 32d street northwest, where, on ac-count of its location, egress and ingress to some of the most valuable wharf proper-ties in west end is sadly blocked. The Commissioners, it is understood, have full authority in the premises and the matter is being widely discussed and plans consider-

ed that will bring about the desired end.

This was originally the boat house of the old Columbia Athletic Club and for many property. Finally the club discontinued the annual rent remittance. Georgetown College then came to occupy the premises, but with the District Commissioners of a binding character respecting their occupancy

of the present site.

The directors of the Masonic Hall Building Company held a regular meeting yesterday. The directors declared a dividend of 21/2 per cent. Other routine matters came up for consideration.

at 8 o'clock last night of cancer. Mrs.

35c for Best 50c. Veils, the new fancy mesh and chiffon Veils, 1½ yards long, plain colors

navy and gray.

43c for choice of the Palais Royal's 50c. Neckwear. Stocks and Ties of lawn, lace, or-gandic mull and silk. Some are hand embroidered.

tra good value at 75c. White and

19c for all 25c Veils, plain and fancy meshes, black, brown,

5c for filmy 10c Handkerchiefs, with hand-embroidered initial in corner. All initials here tomor-

for 50c, 75c and \$1 Crush Leather Belts and Hand See table full center of

for White Duck and White Lace Effect Belts, fitted with good buckles. Best 15c kinds for

19c for usual 25c to 50c fancy white Belts, only the best kinds, in all sizes.

for 75c. Silk Gauze Fans, spangled and lace trimmed.

for best \$1 Fan Chains of Roman pearls, full 60 inches long. \$1.25 at the jewelers.

442 for 75c. Chignon and Side Combs; shell, amber and white, with gold band.

\$5 Trunks, \$4.48.

Best \$5 Trunks at \$4.48, best \$10 \$

Bags and Books.

The usual \$5 Suit Cases for \$3.19;

was performed in the hope of saving her

life. She did not rally from the shock of the operation. The body will be sent to Fredericksburg this morning.

Among those admitted to practice before PERSONAL TAX SCHEDULES PREthe bar of the District of Columbia a day or two ago was Jesse H. Wilson, fr., of Georgetown. He has associated himself with his father and will conduct a general

Rev. Mr. Young, presiding elder of the colored Methodist conference in this juris-diction, was in Georgetown yesterday taking preliminary steps toward the establish ment of another colored church on Cana road near Chain bridge. Presiding Elder Young proposes to advocate before official associates when next assembled the assignment of a colored minister of energetic religious proclivities to this territory, which has heretofore been without of worship. The church these colored Methodists will occupy was lately vacated by the Little Falls congregation, which congregation is constructing a larger building on the Conduit road.

QUEER THINGS ABOUT SAWS. Those of Orient Cut One Way, of Occident Another. From the New York Sun.

In the window of a hardware store was a curious saw, with a narrow crescent-shaped blade a foot or more in length and toothed on the concave side. It was somewhat like a sickle with saw teeth in place of a cutting edge.

"That?" said the dealer. "That is what is called a California pruning saw, and it is sold almost whelly, if not altogether, on the Pacific coast. The pruning saw commonly used in this country is a straight

"It is in reality a Japanese pruning saw made in this country. It was introduced into California by Japanese gardeners.

"This saw, besides its odd shape, has another peculiarity that perhaps you have not noticed. It cuts drawing toward you instead of pushing from you; and that is a characteristic of all the saws of Japan and China. Our saws, like those of Europe, are all made to cut as you push the saw from you, with the dewnward motion. The saws of Japan and China are all made to cut as you pull the saw back toward you, with the upward motion; exactly the reverse of

"Which sort of a saw can a man do the most work with? Well, I should say that might depend more or less on the man, but stroke saw, can saw as close and true to : can saw with his down-stroke saw.

"How long has this difference between the saws of the eastern countries and those of the western existed? Well, as to that I could hardly say, but saws taken from the ruins of Pompell and now preserved in the museum there, cut with the downward stroke, just like the saws in universal use in Europe and America today, while in Japan and China they still use their old-time "Are there any American saws sold in Japan and China? Yes, some, these being made, of course, to cut like those of their own make, with the upward stroke, but more of the foreign saws now imported into those countries come from Germany, the Germans making a cheaper saw than

"But while the Germans are selling saws in China and Japan we are selling American saws in Germany in direct competition with saws of German make. Ours cost Mr. H. Copperthite and family are summering at their cottage in Manassas, Va.

Mrs. Fanny Scott of Fredericksburg, Va., died at the Georgetown University Hospital at 8 o'clock last night of cancer. Mrs. can edged tools and American machiner Scott was brought to Washington several tools and American machinery days ago, and on Tuesday an operation they are the best in the world."

Platform Drafted by the Resolutions Subcommittee.

DESERTION OF SILVER

Mr. Bryan Absent When the Vote Was Taken on That Proposition-Conservative Tariff Revision.

The following is the draft of the platform as submitted by the subcommittee to the committee on resolutions of the democratic convention at St. Louis yesterday

"We the delegates of the democratic party of the United States, in national convention assembled, declare our devotion to the essential principles of the democratic faith which brings us together in hearty

communion. "Under them, local self-government and national unity and prosperity were alike established. They underlaid our independence, the structure of our free republic and every democratic extension from Louisiana to California and Texas, to Ore gon, which preserves faithfully in all the states the tie between taxation and representation. They yet inspirit the masses of our people, guarding jealously their rights and liberties and cherishing their fraternity, peace and orderly development. They remind us of our duties and responsibilities as citizens and impress upon us, particularly at this time, the necessity of reform and the rescue of the administration of government from the headstrong, arbitrary and spasmodic methods which distract business by uncertainty and pervade the public mind with dread, distrust and per-

Fundamental Principles.

"The application of these fundamental principles to the living issues of the day constitutes the first step toward the assured peace, safety and progress of our nation. Freedom of the press, of conscience and of speech; equality before the law of and or speech; equality before the law of all citizens, the right of trial by jury, freedom of the person defended by the writ of habeas corpus, liberty of personal contract, untrammeled by sumptuary laws; the supremacy of civil over military authority; a well disciplined militia; the separation of church and state; economy in expenditures; low taxes, that labor may n expenditures; low taxes, that labor may e lightly burdened; the prompt and sacred fulfillment of public and private obliga-tions; fidelity to treaties; peace and friendship with all nations; entangling alliances with none; absolute acquiescence in the will of the majority, the vital principle of republics; these are doctrines which democracy has established as proverbs of the nation and they should be constantly invoked, preached, resorted to and en-

Economy in Government Expenses. "1. Large reductions can readily be made n the annual expenditures of the government without impairing the efficiency of any branch of the public service, and we shall insist upon the strictest economy and frugality compatible with vigorous and

public service and to that end a thorough Only 25c for Cloth-bound Books published at \$1. Only 4c, 9c and 13c published at \$1. Only 4c, 9c and 13c tained corruptionists without fear or favor or regard to persons. The persistent and deliberate refusal of both the Senate and House of Representatives to permit such investigation to be made by either branch of Congress demonstrates that only by a change in the executive and in the House of Representatives can complete exposure, punishment and correction be obtained.
"In broader furtherance of that end the

federal government should not permit itself to be robbed by entering into contracts with convicted trusts or unlawful combinations in restraint of interstate trade, existing in riolation of law. We believe that one of the best methods of procuring economy and honesty in the public service is to have public officials, from the occupant of the White House down to the lowest of them, return, as nearly as may be, to Jeffersonian simplicity of living.

"3. We favor the nomination and election of a President trained in the ways of the Constitution, who shall set his face sternly against executive usurpation of legislative and judicial functions, whether that usurpation be ruled under the guise of executive construction of existing laws, or whether it take refuge in the tyrant's pleas

of necessity or superior wisdom,
"4. The democratic party has been and will continue to be the consistent opponent of that class of tarin legislation by which certain interests have been permitted, through congressional favor, to draw a heavy tribute from the American people This monstrous perversion of those equal opportunities which our political institutions were established to secure has caused what may once have been infant industries to become the greatest combinations of capital that the world has ever known. These publicly favored enterprises have through trust methods been converted into monopolies, thus bringing to an end donestic competition, which was the only check upon the extravagant profits made by the protective system. These industrial combinations, by the financial assistance they can give, now control the policy of the republican party.

Revision of the Tariff.

"We favor a wise, conservative and business-like revision and a gradual reduction of the tariff by the friends of the masses and for the common weal, and not by the friends of its abuses, its extortions and its discriminations, keeping in view the ultimate end of 'equality of burdens and equality of opportunities,' and the constitutional purpose of raising a revenue by taxation, to wit, the support of the federal but in simplicity; and keeping also in view as men of common sense should, exist-ing conditions, however wrongfully, mistakenly or unjustly brought about, and the danger to the cause of tariff reform itself of abrupt and revolutionary reversal of

"We should bear in mind, in short, these two things: First, the general principle that the sole derivation of the power of taxation is the support of the federal government, economically, effectively and constitutionally administered, and, second, the equal truth that in the assertion of any general principle and in reaching any ultimate end, however sacred and logically unavoidable, due regard—but only due regard—must and should be paid to actually existing condi-

"5. We favor the reduction of tariff tax-ation upon trust-produced articles to the point where foreign competition may enter the American market whenever trusts and combines, seeking monopoly, raise their prices to the American consumer above a reasonable and just profit, by such reduc power to extort from the American people inder shelter of American law, prices high er than those charged foreigners for identi

The Money Question.

"The discoveries of gold within the past few years and the great increase in the production thereof, adding two thousand million dollars to the world's supply, of which seven hundred million falls to the share of the United States, has contributed to the maintenance of a money standard of value no longer open to question, removing that issue from the field of political con-

The Isthmian Canal.

"Our party having long, earnestly advo cated the construction of an inter-oceanic canal for the purposes of national defense and commerce between the states and with foreign nations, we favor the early completion of the isthmian canal.

"But while making this declaration and accepting the results as an accomplished"

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and irreversible fact, we cannot too forci-bly express our disapproval of the methods by which, in disregard of the usages and obligations of international law and treaty obligations, the canal route has been acquired, or too solemaly record our hope that this precedent of defiant diplomacy

may never be used against us to our hu-

Trusts and Unlawful Combinations. "We recognize that the gigantic trusts and combinations designed to enable capital to secure more than its just share of the joint product of capital and labor, and which have been fostered and promoted under republican rule, are a menace to beneficial competition and an obstacle to

MONEY STANDARD DECLARED TO

BE NO LONGER AN ISSUE.

Definition and an obstacle to permanent business prosperity.

"We do not the vigorous and impartial enforcement of the laws already made to prevent and control such trusts and combinated and we favor such further legislative. restraint thereof as experience

shows to be necessary.
"Corporations chartered by authority of the people must forever remain subject to regulation in the interest of the people.

"A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable. We recognize the right of capital in all legitimate lines of enterprise to combine for the increase of business, for enlarging productive capacity and for de-creasing the cost of production; but when such combination in its purpose, or effect, creates or tends to create a monopoly in its productions, to restrain trade or to stifle competition; to increase cost to the consumer, or to control the market, it violates the spirit of our laws, becomes ininical to public welfare and peace, and should be so regulated, controlled or prohibited by law as to amply protect the public inter-

"We demand that the restraint of such illegal combinations be entrusted to the democratic party, which is not responsible for their existence, and which has ever protested against their continuance.

"We condemn the republican system of legislation under which trust monopolles are enabled to exact higher prices for their manufactured products from our own peo-ple than they sell them for abroad.
"We demand an enlargement of the powers of the interstate commerce commission, to the end that the traveling public and shippers of this country may have prompt and adequate relief for the abuses they are subjected to in the matter of transpor-

Monroe Doctrine.

"We favor the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine in its full integrity.

Reciprocity. "We favor a liberal trade treaty with

Army and Navy. "We favor the reduction of the army and of army expenditure to the point histori-

cally demonstrated to be safe and suffi-"We favor the maintenance and liberal annual increase of the navy as our best defense in our isolated continental conditions against a foreign foe and a source of no possible danger to our liberties as a people.

"We favor the enactment and administration of laws giving labor and capital impartially their just rights. Capital and la-bor ought not to be enemies. Each is necessary to the other. Each has its rights, but the rights of labor are certainly no iess 'vested,' no less 'sacred' and no less 'in-alienable' than the rights of capital.

American Citizenship.

"We pledge ourselves to insist upon the just and lawful protection of our citizens at home and abroad, and to use all proper measures to secure for them, whether native born or naturalized, and without distinction of race or creed, the equal protection of laws and the enjoyment of all rights and privileges open to them under the covenants of our treaties of friendship and commerce; and if under existing treaties the right of travel and sojourn is denied to American citizens or recognition is withheld from American passports by any countries on the ground of race or creed we favor the beginning of negotiations with the governments of such countries to secure by new treaties the removal of these unjust discriminations.

"The democracy would secure to the surviving soldiers and sailors and their dependents generous pensions, not by an arb itrary executive order, but by legislation which a grateful people stand ready to

"Our soldiers and sailors, who defend with their lives the Constitution and the laws, have a sacred interest in their just administration. They must, therefore, share with us the humiliation with which we have witnessed the exaltation of court favorites, without distinguished service, over grandized by executive appropriations out of the treasuries of a prostrate people, in violation of the act of Congress, which fixes the compensation and allowances of the military officers.

Merchant Marine.

"We denounce the ship subsidy bill recently passed by the United States Senate as an iniquitious appropriation of public funds for private purposes and a wasteful, illogical and useless attempt to overcome by subsidy the obstructions raised by republican legislation to the growth and development of American commerce on the

"We favor the upbuilding of a merchant upon the people and without bounties from

Civil Service.

"The democratic party stands committed to the principles of civil service reform, and we demand their honest, just and impartial enforcement.

"We denounce the republican party for its continuous and sinister encroachments upon the spirit and operation of civil service rules, whereby it has arbitrarily dispensed with examinations for office in the manner of devices to overreach and set aside the principles upon which the civil service was established.

Condemnation of Polygamy.

"We demand the extermination of polygamy within the jurisdiction of the United States and the complete separation of church and state in political affairs. Arid Land Reclamation. "We congratulate our western citizens

upon the passage of the measure known as the Newlands irrigation act for the irrigation and reclamation of the arid lands of the west-a measure framed by a democrat, passed in the Senate by a non-partisan votel and passed in the House against the opposition of almost all the republican leaders by a vote, the majority of which was democratic. We call attention to this great democratic measure, broad and comprehensive as it is, working automatically throughout all time without further action of congress until the reclamation of all the lands in the arid west capable of reclamation is accomplished, reserving the lands reclaimed for home seekers in small tracts and rigidly guarding against land@monopoly as an evidence of the policy of domestic develop-ment contemplated by the democratic party should it be placed in power.

Imperialism. "We favor the preservation in so far as we

can of an open door for the world's commerce in the orient without unnecessary entanglement in oriental and European affairs, and without arbitrary, unlimited, irresponsible and absolute government anywhere within our jurisdiction. We oppose, as fervently as did George Washington himself, an indefinite, irresponsible, discretionary and vague absolutism and a policy of colonial exploitation, no matter where or by whom involved by whom invoked or exercised; we believe with Thomas Jefferson and John Adams, that no government has a right to make one set of laws for those 'at home' and another and a different set of laws, absolute other and a different set of laws, absolute in their character, for those 'in the colonies.' All men under the American flag are entitled to the protection of the institutions whose emblem the flag is; if they are inherently unfit for those institutions then they are inherently unfit to be members of the American body politic. Wherever these ways state a papela incomplete. er there may exist a people incapable of being governed under American laws, in ince with the American Constitution, the territory of that people ought not to be part of the American domain. "We insist that we ought to do for the

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Open Saturdays until 9 p.m.

Presents for the Children tomorrow.

\$3.50 Patent Kid Oxfords.

\$2.50 Black Low Shoes.

All our finest \$3.50 surpass kid

and patent kid button \$2.69

Over 30 new styles of fine kid and

patent Colt Blucher, Oxford and Gibson Ties — light or heavy soles—high or low \$1.95

comfortable Juliets—with \$1.39 \$2 soft kid Oxford Ties (8 styles) and

and strap slippers, all sizes 95C.

Child's kid and patent leather strap slippers. Sizes 69c.

Babies' tan, white, black and red strap slippers. Sizes to 6's.

Rubber or leather sole, canvas tennis Shoes and Oxfords for

boys and girls—all sizes..... 4.8C.

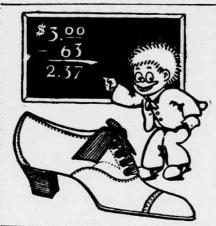
An enormous variety of

pretty and durable Oxfords

Ruthlessly Price-Cutting SURPLUS STOCK SHOES!

OMORROW we shall again radically reduce prices on some of the lines of which we ordered too many. With so much of the season still-ahead in which to wear these shoes-prices like the following are sure to be appreciated - making tomorrow another one of our great record-breaking Saturdays.

Women's Summer Shoes Reduced for tomorrow:



All Our \$3 and \$3.50 Tan Oxford Ties,

Worth up to \$5 a pair - including tan willow calf, vici kid, tan patent vici-in several handsome shades and styles:

Tomorrow only-\$2.37. All our \$2.50 Tan Oxfords, \$1.87. All our \$2.00 Tan Oxfords,

\$1.39.

Perfect-fitting, shapely vici kid Ox-

ford ties—also good \$1.50 quality white canvas Oxfords. 95c.

BAREFOOT SANDALS.

Sizes 12 to 2......95c.

ROMAN SANDALS.

White, champagne, tan, kid and patent leather—Special tomorrow:

Sizes 2 to 6........69c. and 90c.

Sizes 7 to 11.....\$1.19

Sizes 11½ to 2.....\$1.37

Tomorrow only.....

Children's Shoes Reduced Tomorrow.

reduced tomorrow: Boys' or Girls' \$2 kinds. \$1.39 Misses' and Child's \$1.50

Tan Shoes and Ties greatly

CANVAS FOOTWEAR. White or dark colors.

Children's \$1.25 kinds... 95c.

All sizes for boys......95c. For girls......95c., \$1.19

Men's Shoes Deeply Cut Tomorrow. Our \$3.50 Patent Ox- \$2.60

This is a saving worth taking advantage of-all our \$3.50 guaranteed patent kid and colt Oxfords-because we're overstocked - are offered at \$2.60. Hurry and get your size.

low shoes-in the swellest, best-fitting

Men's splendidly cool and luxurious canvas shoes and Oxfords \$1.65

Tan High Shoes....\$1.85 We got hold of a small lot of these extra fine tan calf shoes. Yours at

gray canvas Oxfords and bals. Everybody wearing 95c.

Cor. 7th and K Sts. 1914 & 1916 Pa. Av. 3 Reliable Shoe Houses. 233 Pa. Ave. S. E.

naval stations, coaling stations and trade relations, and upon suitable guarantees of protection to all national and international

interests to set the Filipino people upon their feet, free and independent, to work out their own destiny.
"The endeavor of the Secretary of War, by pledging the government's indorsement for 'promoters' in the Philippine Islands to make the United States a partner in speculative exploitation of the archipelago was only temporarily held up by the opposition of democratic senators in the last session, will, if successful, lead to a permarent entanglement from which it will be

Statehood of Territories. "We favor statehood for Oklahoma territory and the Indian territory, statehood for Arizona, statehood for New Mexico and a territorial government for Porto Rico.

Popular Election of Senators. "We favor the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people."

The Gold Plank. The gold plank was voted on by the sub-

committee in the absence of Mr. Bryan and Representative Williams, and the rest stood 7 to 3, the affirmative votes being cast by Messrs. Daniel, Hill, Pattison, Hamlin, Cable, Poe and Davis, and the negative by Messrs, Dubois, Shively and Newlands. The and Williams had been present they would have cast their votes in the negative, thus bringing the opposition vote to five.

An American Teaching the Czar.

From the World's Work. An American is teaching the czar how to develop the resources of Siberia. John Rosene has obtained mining concessions in Siberia capitalized at \$5,000,000. Three years ago he was engaged in a small way in the Pacific coast trade. "When a man takes \$80 into Siberia and comes back after three months' work with \$1,000 you get interested," he says. This experience of a Nome gold miner aroused him to Asiatic

possibilities. He learned that concession for mining in Siberia, financed by Russian and English capital, had lapsed through the displeasure

of the czar at speculation with the concern's stocks will get half that stock and the renew al of the concession," said John Rosene. He got them. The London holders were anxious to unload worthless stocks, and they were cheap. Seattle and organized the Northwestern Commercial Company. In a few weeks word came from St. Petersburg that the concession had been revived by the czar. John Rosene hastened to the Russian capital, had personal interviews with the czar was given a free hand in several kinds of commercial operations. These included taking American miners into Siberia, to mine, to use timber, to fish, to take furs and to operate between Seattle and Siberia with trading vessels.
Within a month the Northwestern Sibe

rian Company was organized, capitalized at \$5,000,000 and purchased the three Pacific liners recently operated from Puget Sound to the Orient by the Northern Pacific rail-road. The ships will probably sail under the flag of the Northwestern Siberia Com pany as Russian transports. Who can tell, The ramifications of American enterprise run to unexpected places.

A New Sunshine Recorder. From the London Globe. The new Dawson-Lauder sunshine re

corder consists of a drum on which silver chloride paper is fastened under a film of celluloid. An outer cover is rotated by clockwork in twenty-four hours, and a narrow slit is thus directed to the sun A hood protects the slit from diffused light, and allows an error of about half an hour in the clock before sunlight is cut off from the slit. The drum with the sensitive pa-per travels along the axis of the cylinder, so that the record of a number of days is obtained, one below the other. The chloride of silver paper makes possible a standard of intensity of sunshine which can be reproduced. The same size of paper is employed at all seasons and the instrument can be used in polar as well

SUBJECT OF INQUIRY

ANTHONY DUFFY'S DEATH AT-TRIBUTED TO VIOLENCE.

Coroner Permits Funeral to Proceed and Subsequently Causes Investigation-Autopsy in Vault.

The recent death of Anthony J. Duffy was alleged to have been the result of violence and the fact that no one had reported the matter to the coroner came near postponing the funeral this morning. Coroner Nevitt came to the rescue, however, and permitted the funeral services to be conducted at the Holy Name Church.

Mr. Duffy, who was about fifty-five years old, was employed as an engineer by the Brennan Construction Company, and lived at the corner of Kenilworth and Anacostia avenues, Kenilworth. He had been in ill health since January, and, it is stated, he fell from a car some time in April and was slightly injured. His death occurred Tuesday and the physician's certificate stated cause as cerebral hemorrhage. nemorrhage, it was claimed, was the result of the fall from the car. Under the circum stances the case was one for the coroner

and one, it was claimed, which called for an autopsy.

Coroner's Action. The first thought was that the funeral would have to be postponed. Coroner Nevitt discussed the case last night and finally told friends of the family that he would arrange matters so there might be no need of postponing the church service. The funeral procession moved over the road this morning to the church with Mrs. Duffy and her eight children and other relatives as books at a very early day. In short, every mourners. Then the body was taken to Mount Olivet cemetery. Instead of going to the family burial ground the carriages were driven to the public vault, where the body was deposited. This action caused something of a surprise. It is stated that with the exception of a few mourners those attending the funeral were at a loss to understand what the change in the program

Shortly after the mourners departed from the cemetery Deputy Coroner Glazebrook was on hand to perform an autopsy. The scene thus presented was an unusual one, and, it is said, was the first autopsy performed at a cemetery in a number of years, The autopsy will not be concluded until

Radium rays will not at present furnish

Radium and Blindness. From Harper's Weekly.

a cure for blindness, reports Prof. Greeff of Berlin in a published account of an official investigation of the optical properties of radium. This research was largely undertaken as the result of a paper by Prof. London of St. Petersburg, in which he claimed that there was hope for the blind in radium. According to Prof. Greeff the rays given off by a fluorescent surface excited by radium rays are simply those of blind eye. The actual radium rays, however, are sent out in all directions, penetrating all structures, and the effect, a sort of sea-green radiance, is the same whether the radium is held in front of the eye or ed that fluorescence actually occurs in the cordingly emitted but this view is oppo by Prof. Greeff, and the fact is cited that the radium rays do not bleach the visual purple of the retina. He also states that when the function of the rods and cones which transmit visual concepts from the retina to the nerve centers is destroyed the eye is unable to provide for the sensation of sight.

riage" is the best yet.

The Dust Peril.

From the Philadelphia Ledger. The deadly effect of germ-laden dust upon th street cleaners of New York city has been demonstrated by an official medical examination, which shows that a third of the force are afflicted with tubeculosis. The alarming announcement is made that a New York street cleaner cannot live more than five or six years if he remains at the work. The men are examined by civil service physicians, and must be declared free

from organic disease before they are placed or the employment roll. Subsequent examinations of those applying for leave of absence on account of sickness revealed the fact that tuberculosis is contracted during an average service of less than five years. The revelations justify the conclusion that street cleaning in all the large cities where the dust is allowed to rise is an occupation likely to prove fatal to human .ife, and in a short time. The man who accepts such employement takes enormous risks, and if aware of its dangers deserves to be enrolled in the ranks of Car-negie heroes. The pity of it is that the sacrifice of life in this occupation might be to a great extent prevented is saner methods were used. The peril is not confined to the unfortunates who are compelled to accept such employment. The clouds of filthy and death-dealing dust which chronicle the presence of the street sweepers menace the lic. The spread of tuberculosis is assisted by sweeping the streets in the day time, and

by the failure to use a plentiful supply of water by day and by night.

The Primitive Book.

From Harper's Magazine. The oldest books in existence are, doubtless, those of the Babylonians; but the great permanency of these is explained by the material of which they are composed, and it does not necessarily follow that they were the first books to be made. We know that the Egyptians employed a papyrus roll from the earliest historical periods, and that the Hindros made their palm-leaf

civilized nation is discovered, at the very

dawn of its history, in full possession of a

system of bookmaking.

It is impossible to decide the question as to whether one nation borrowed from an-other in developing the idea of bookmaking. Limiting our view strictly to the historic period, we find, as has been said, the five types of books in general use. We have now to consider briefly the distinguishing characteristics of each of these types before going on to note the steps of develop-ment through which the modern book was evolved. First let us give attention to the papyrus roll of the Egyptians. As has been said, this type of book was employed in Egypt from the earliest day of the histori-cal period. As is well known, papyrus is a species of primitive paper—the word "paper" being, indeed, a derivative of "papy-rus"—which was made of strips of the papyrus plant placed together to form two thin layers, the fibers of one crossing those of the other, and the whole made into a thin, firm sheet with the aid of glue and mechanical pressure. The strips of papyrus were usually from eight to fourteen inches in width, and from a few feet to several yards in length. This scroll was not used, as might perhaps have been expected, for of writing. A moment's consideration will make it clear that such a method would have created difficulties both for the scribe and for the reader; therefore the much more convenient method was adopted of writing lines a few inches in length, so placed as to form transverse columns, which followed one another in regular sece from the beginning to the end of

Himalaya Baby's Noonday Nap. From the Chicago Journal.

tains the native women have a singular way of putting their children to sleep in the middle of the day. The child is put near a stream of water, and by means of a palm leaf or a tin scoop the water is deflected so as to run over the back of the Look for the New Serial.

Publication of a new serial will begin in tomorrow's Star. "In the Bishop's Carwith her work in the fields. No one seems ever to fear that baby may be drowned.

In certain parts of the Himalaya moun-